

# ANAKENATODAY

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*Enjoy  
the Summer*



## DISCOVER CHILE'S INCREDIBLE SUMMER LANDSCAPES

Chile is long and narrow and extends nearly 4,300 kilometers along the southwestern coast of the Pacific Ocean. It also includes the remote and mysterious Easter Island. Its average width, from the Andes to the sea, is just 180 kilometers. Whether you choose to sail through the fjords, hike at Torres del Paine, or explore the geysers in the Atacama Desert, summer is an exciting time to be in Chile.

# Santiago

Chile's capital is a modern and dynamic city that reflects the country's impressive economic growth in recent decades. Located midway between the Pacific Ocean and the Andes Mountains, Santiago is the country's main entrance point. Its historic downtown area includes places to visit such as Cerro San Cristóbal, the National Belle Arts Museum, and the Cathedral in the Plaza de Armas.



In neighborhoods such as Las Condes or Providencia offer a wide range of interesting bars and restaurants, and the city has many good places to stay, including large hotel chains and some fantastic boutique hotels.



Santiago, which enjoys a Mediterranean climate, is very close to some of the most productive wine valleys in Chile's central zone, such as Maipo, Casablanca, and Cachapoal.



# Valparaíso

Valparaíso is an enchanting bohemian city with funicular trains to climb the steep hills studded with brightly colored houses and narrow winding streets. The city has been a major port since the 19th century and has always been one of the most distinctive and intriguing places in the country. Although you can visit for the day from Santiago, it really merits spending at least a couple days there.

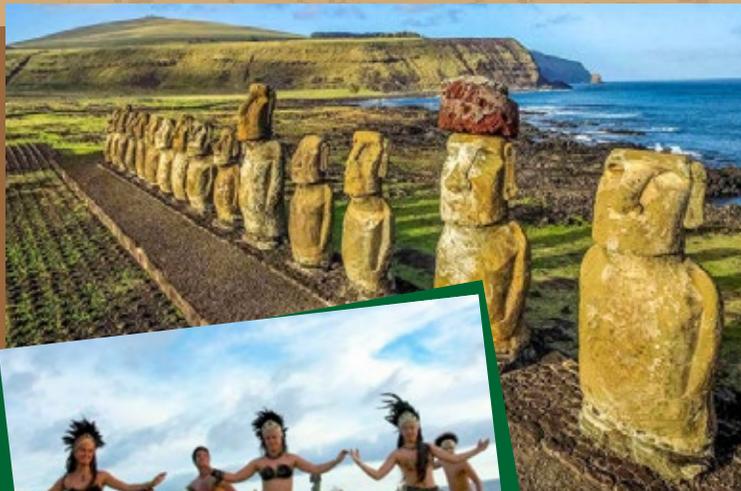


# Atacama Desert

Rising from the sea to more than 4,000 meters up into the Andes Mountains, the Atacama Desert is the driest place on earth and the home to one of the strangest and most beautiful landscapes in Latin America.



San Pedro de Atacama is an oasis town with a fabulous backdrop of volcanoes. From there you can visit a number of small towns with their typical adobe churches as well as impressive geysers and vast salt flats, where you can see flamingos and other birds. Other attractions include the Valley of the Moon and the high plateau.

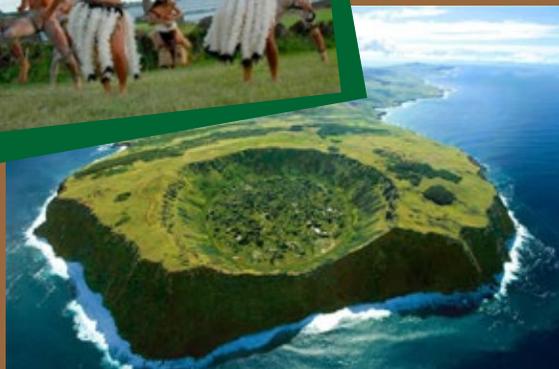


# Easter Island

Dutch explorer Admiral Jacob Roggeveen discovered this small island, one of the most remote places on earth, on Easter Sunday in 1722 and dubbed it Easter Island, although it will always remain Rapa Nui to the native people, whose culture is closely tied to Polynesia.

Rapa Nui is best known for the nearly 1,000 monolithic statues called Moais that guard over the island, standing approximately 10–40 feet tall and weighing more than 50 tons.

The island's famous Tapati Festival takes place every February and consists of traditional sports, contests, dances, and processions.



# Southern Zone & Chiloé



Southern Chile, with its volcanoes, lakes, waterfalls, and virgin forests, is one of the most beautiful areas of the country. South of the central valley, and at the foot of the Andes Mountains, it is a spectacularly impressive zone.

The most beautiful place to stay, and one of the best bases for exploring the area, is the city of Puerto Varas, with its view of Lake Llanquihue and in the shadow of the Osorno and Calbuco Volcanoes. This is a great area to explore the nearby national parks, the island of Chiloé with its wooden churches (there is regular ferry service from the continent), or any of the many lakes in the area.



# Patagonia

In the extreme south, the city of Punta Arenas is the gateway to the southern fjords and the spectacular Torres del Paine National Park. Although the park is one of southern Chile's true gems, there is much more to do and see in the Magallanes region, and the best way to explore is by boat.



Cruise ships sail through the fjords between Punta Arenas in Chile and Ushuaia in Argentina from September through April. You can sail through the Strait of Magellan, the Beagle Channel, and around Cape Horn, through the fjords and past numerous glaciers and islands. You can spot whales and sea lion colonies, and zodiacs can take you to uninhabited islands that provide a sanctuary for penguins, sea elephants, and an incredible variety of birds.



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the South  
with

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CHILE

